NAME

INSTALL – Installation procedure for NetBSD/next68k.

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DESCRIPTION

About this Document

This document describes the installation procedure for NetBSD 2.1 on the *next68k* platform. It is available in four different formats titled `INSTALL.`*`ext`*, where *`.ext`* is one of `.ps`, `.html`, `.more`, or `.txt`:

`.ps` PostScript.

`.html` Standard Internet HTML.

`.more` The enhanced text format used on UNIX -like systems by the `more`(1) and `less`(1) pager utility programs. This is the format in which the on-line *man* pages are generally presented.

`.txt` Plain old ASCII.

You are reading the *PostScript* version.

What is NetBSD?

The NetBSD Operating System is a fully functional Open Source UNIX -like operating system derived from the University of California, Berkeley Networking Release 2 (Net/2), 4.4BSD-Lite, and 4.4BSD-Lite2 sources. NetBSD runs on fifty four different system architectures (ports), featuring seventeen machine architectures across fifteen distinct CPU families, and is being ported to more. The NetBSD 2.1 release contains complete binary releases for many different system architectures. (A few ports are not fully supported at this time and are thus not part of the binary distribution. For information on them, please see the NetBSD web site at .: **http://www.NetBSD.org/**)

NetBSD is a completely integrated system. In addition to its highly portable, high performance kernel, NetBSD features a complete set of user utilities, compilers for several languages, the X Window System, firewall software and numerous other tools, all accompanied by full source code.

NetBSD is a creation of the members of the Internet community. Without the unique cooperation and coordination the net makes possible, it's likely that NetBSD wouldn't exist.

Changes Between The NetBSD 2.0 and 2.1 Releases

The NetBSD 2.1 release is the first functional update release of the NetBSD 2 release branch. This provides numerous functional enhancements, including support for many new devices, hundreds of bug fixes, patches and updates to kernel subsystems, and many enhancements to the user environment. In addition, all of the security fixes and critical bug fixes from the NetBSD 2.0.3 update are included as well. The result of these improvements is a stable operating system fit for production use that rivals most commercially available systems.

It is impossible to completely summarize all the changes that have gone in over the over nine months since the release of NetBSD 2.0. Some highlights include:

Kernel

- Fix a bug that caused spontaneous reboot under heavy load on SH3/4 platforms.
- Fixed some sparc64 and alpha pmap issues.
- A longstanding bug in the SYSV semaphore code has been fixed.
- Eliminated hangs when large processes fork.
- `ata`(4) and `wdc`(4) drives now only downgrade modes due to actual CRC errors, and UDMA modes are downgraded more slowly.
- The `pdcsata`(4) driver was added, with support for the Promise SATA150 series of controllers, including RAID support.
- The RAIDframe disk driver had various bugfixes and improvements.
- Added support for various devices from the nVidia nForce3 chipset. (i386, amd64)

- Fixed interrupt problems on some Intel Xeon systems.
- Added support for the VT642 SATA RAID Controller.
- Various fixes to the esiop(4) driver.
- Added support for the Dell CERC SATA RAID to the aac(4) driver.
- Added support for additional Dell boards to the ahd(4) driver.
- Fix a number of issues with the ehci(4) driver.
- Added ukyopon(4) : Kyocera AIR-EDGE phone driver.
- The wdc(4) driver has been fixed for commands with opaque data structures. atactl smart status now works on big-endian hosts.

Networking

- wm(4) fixed major performance issues with the i82547 Gig-E chip.
- sk(4) improved chip identification and improved performance, and added support for the Belkin Gigabit Desktop Network PCI card.
- Fix a bug which would crash the system when destroying vlan(4) interfaces.
- Added rtk(4) and tl(4) interfaces as rnd(4) sources.
- Added support for the Compaq Netelligent 10 T/2 PCI UTP/Coax Controller to the tl(4) driver.
- Added support for changing the MTU of an stf(4) interface.
- Added support for IPv6 over gre(4) interfaces.
- The hme(4) driver now supports Sun QFE boards on non-sparc hardware.
- stge(4) Fix some bigendian issues, and some other issues. Now works on sparc64 with hardware checksums.

File system

- Fix a number of NFS issues.
- Fixed file access problems via SMBFS when the file is already open on the server.
- Various improvements to LFS, the BSD log-structured file system.

Security

- krb5(3) Support changing passwords in a Windows 2000 (or later) domain.
- Fixed a possible Denial of Service attack via IPSec AH packets.
- NetBSD-SA2005-07 AES-XCBC-MAC always caculated with same key
- NetBSD-SA2005-06 Multiple vulnerabilites in CVS
- NetBSD-SA2005-05 cgd(4) key destruction on unconfigure
- NetBSD-SA2005-04 Buffer overflows in MIT Kerberos 5 telnet client
- NetBSD-SA2005-03 F_CLOSEM local denial of service
- NetBSD-SA2005-02 Local DoS via audio device with specific drivers

System administration and user tools

- `ntpd`(8) coredump if local system and NTP server did not have overlapping protocol family support (IPv4 vs. IPv6, for example) fixed.
- `pax`(1) has a number of bugfixes and new features.
- `ifwatchd`(8) has been fixed to call the CARRIER script if a link is already up during the initial interface scan.
- CVS has been upgraded to version 1.11.20.
- Avoid crashes in `grep`(1) on empty or very large files.
- Fixed a number of issues in `gzip`(1)

Miscellaneous

- Added VT switching for the cats port.
- Various fixes and improvements to the cross-build system.
- Fixed some issues in libpthread and libpthread_dbg.
- Implement a USB memory reserve to work around problems plugging in (for example) `umass`(4) devices after boot.
- Package tools have been upgraded to version 20050530.

next68k specific

This is the third major release of NetBSD for the NeXT series of computers.

Changes Between The NetBSD 1.6 and 2.0 Releases

The NetBSD 2.0 release provides numerous significant functional enhancements, including support for many new devices, integration of hundreds of bug fixes, new and updated kernel subsystems, and many user-land enhancements. The result of these improvements is a stable operating system fit for production use that rivals most commercially available systems.

It is impossible to completely summarize over two years of development that went into the NetBSD 2.1 release. Some highlights include:

Kernel

- Ports to new platforms including: amd64, evbsh5, and xen.
- Native thread support has been added, based on Scheduler Activations. Applications which support native threads can now take full advantage of the high-performance NetBSD POSIX threads implementation.
- Kernel events notification framework - kqueue kqueue provides a stateful and efficient event notification framework. Currently supported events include socket, file, directory, fifo, pipe, tty and device changes, and monitoring of processes and signals. kqueue is supported by all writable filesystems in the NetBSD tree (with the exception of Coda) and all device drivers supporting poll(2).
- Improvements have been made to NetBSD's Linux emulation to support the latest Sun JDK/JRE for Linux. Testing has shown that it now runs as well as it does on Linux natively.
- NetBSD 2.0 enforces non-executable mappings on many platforms. This means that parts of the stack and heap are made non-executable when they are marked writable. This makes exploiting potential buffer overflows harder.

- For the i386 port it now supports SMP and has a new ACPI and power management framework which takes advantage of Intel's ACPI implementation.
- The macppc port also now supports SMP as well as hardware support for newer G4 models has been added.
- SMP support has been added to the sparc port as well.
- New generic i2c framework, supporting bit-bang and "intelligent" controllers.
- `sysctl`(9) was switched from a static binding to a dynamic implementation.
- Add a new driver `satalink`(4) and move SATA support from other controllers into this along with adding support for new controllers.

Networking

- `ipf`(8) has been upgraded to version 4.1.3.
- `tcp`(4) now implements path MTU discovery blackhole detection (i.e. it will turn off path MTU discovery if the connection is losing).
- Socket buffer insertion is now O(C). This can provide a substantial performance boost to some applications which use large socket buffers.
- `wi`(4) has support for Host-AP mode, allowing Intersil Prism2/2.5/3-based boards to be used to make an 802.11 Access Point.
- Support for `ipf`(8) has been added to `bridge`(4) and `brconfig`(8)
- Change port allocation from linked list to a hash table for better performance.

File system

- FreeBSD's UFS2 has been ported to NetBSD. UFS2 is an extension to FFS, adding 64 bit block pointers and support for extended file storage. Among other enhancements, UFS2 allows for file systems larger than 1Terabyte.
- The cryptographic disk driver (cgd) can be used to encrypt disks or partitions, using some strong encryption algorithms, like AES (Rijndael) and Blowfish. cgd can also be configured to encrypt swap.

Security

- The systrace utility has been added to the system. systrace monitors and controls an application access to the system by enforcing access policies for system calls. The systrace utility might be used to trace an untrusted application's access to the system. In addition, it can be used to protect the system from software bugs (such as buffer overflows) by constraining a daemon's access to the system. The privilege elevation feature of systrace can be used to obviate the need to run large, untrusted programs as root when only one or two system calls require the elevated privilege.
- Verified Exec support has been added in this release. Verified Exec verifies a cryptographic hash before allowing execution of binaries and scripts. This can be used to prevent a system from running binaries or scripts which have been illegally modified or installed. In addition, Verified Exec can also be used to limit the use of script interpreters to authorized scripts only and disallow interactive use.

System administration and user tools

- Switched from the GPL version to a non-GPL version of various tools including gzip and awk.

Miscellaneous

- NetBSD 2.0 supports a new toolchain based on gcc 3.3.3 and binutils 2.14. gcc 3.3.1 adds support for a number of CPU targets and greatly improved support for i386 and other targets. The support for new platforms in gcc 3.3.3 has enabled the porting of NetBSD to even more architectures.
- Updates of most third party packages that are shipped in the base system to the following latest stable releases:
  - bind 8.3.7
  - binutils 2.14
  - cvs 1.11.17
  - diffutils 2.8.1
  - file 4.08
  - gcc 3.3.3
  - gdb 5.3
  - grep 2.5.1
  - groff 1.19
  - less 381
  - openssl 0.9.7d
  - postfix 2.0.19
  - sendmail 8.12.11
  - tcpump 3.7.1
  - texinfo 4.6
- Many new packages in the *pkgsrc* system, including the latest open source desktop KDE3, OpenOffice, perl, Apache and many more. A number of new platforms are supported, including Darwin, FreeBSD, IRIX, Linux, OpenBSD and Solaris. Support for various other platforms (among them AIX, BSD/OS and HP-UX) is currently being worked on thanks to our new, portable bootstrap kit which makes it much simpler to port pkgsrc support to new operating systems. At the time of writing, there are over 5400 third party packages available in pkgsrc.

Kernel interfaces have continued to be refined, and more subsystems and device drivers are shared among the different ports. You can look for this trend to continue.

Important notes about NetBSD 2.1

- As noted above, the sendmail third-party program has been upgraded since the last release. The new version of sendmail runs without requiring being set-user-ID to ‘‘root’’.

  In order to retain the functionality that a newly installed system can send mail ‘‘out of the box’’, the default has changed so that sendmail will now start by default, and listen for host-local connections.

  If this behaviour is not desired, you can either
  1. explicitly set the sendmail variable to ‘‘NO’’ in `/etc/rc.conf`,
  2. modify `/etc/mail/submit.cf` to point to another host,
  3. modify `/etc/mailer.conf` to point to something else than sendmail, or
  4. make sendmail set-user-ID to ‘‘root’’, remove `/etc/mail/submit.cf`, and set the sendmail_suid variable to ‘‘YES’’ in `/etc/rc.conf`.

  The latter method is strongly discouraged.

The Future of NetBSD

The NetBSD Foundation has been incorporated as a non-profit organization. Its purpose is to encourage, foster and promote the free exchange of computer software, namely the NetBSD Operating System. The foundation will allow for many things to be handled more smoothly than could be done with our previous informal organization. In particular, it provides the framework to deal with other parties that wish to become involved in the NetBSD Project.

The NetBSD Foundation will help improve the quality of NetBSD by:

- providing better organization to keep track of development efforts, including co-ordination with groups working in related fields.
- providing a framework to receive donations of goods and services and to own the resources necessary to run the NetBSD Project.
- providing a better position from which to undertake promotional activities.
- periodically organizing workshops for developers and other interested people to discuss ongoing work.

We intend to begin narrowing the time delay between releases. Our ambition is to provide a full release every six to eight months.

We hope to support even *more* hardware in the future, and we have a rather large number of other ideas about what can be done to improve NetBSD.

We intend to continue our current practice of making the NetBSD-current development source available on a daily basis.

We intend to integrate free, positive changes from whatever sources submit them, providing that they are well thought-out and increase the usability of the system.

Above all, we hope to create a stable and accessible system, and to be responsive to the needs and desires of NetBSD users, because it is for and because of them that NetBSD exists.

Sources of NetBSD

Refer to *.:* **http://www.NetBSD.org/mirrors/**

NetBSD 2.1 Release Contents

The root directory of the NetBSD 2.1 release is organized as follows:

`.../NetBSD-2.1/`

`CHANGES`	Changes since earlier NetBSD releases.
`LAST_MINUTE`	Last minute changes.
`MIRRORS`	A list of sites that mirror the NetBSD 2.1 distribution.
`README.files`	README describing the distribution's contents.
`TODO`	NetBSD 's todo list (also somewhat incomplete and out of date).
`patches/`	Post-release source code patches.
`source/`	Source distribution sets; see below.

In addition to the files and directories listed above, there is one directory per architecture, for each of the architectures for which NetBSD 2.1 has a binary distribution.

The source distribution sets can be found in subdirectories of the `source` subdirectory of the distribution tree. They contain the complete sources to the system. The source distribution sets are as follows:

gnusrc This set contains the "gnu" sources, including the source for the compiler, assembler, groff, and the other GNU utilities in the binary distribution sets.
79 MB gzipped, 367 MB uncompressed

pkgsrc This set contains the "pkgsrc" sources, which contain the infrastructure to build third-party packages.
24 MB gzipped, 200 MB uncompressed

sharesrc This set contains the "share" sources, which include the sources for the man pages not associated with any particular program; the sources for the typesettable document set; the dictionaries; and more.
5 MB gzipped, 20 MB uncompressed

src This set contains all of the base NetBSD 2.1 sources which are not in **gnusrc**, **sharesrc**, or **syssrc**.
37 MB gzipped, 176 MB uncompressed

syssrc This set contains the sources to the NetBSD 2.1 kernel for all architectures; `config`(8); and `dbsym`(8).
26 MB gzipped, 140 MB uncompressed

xsrc This set contains the sources to the X Window System.
84 MB gzipped, 450 MB uncompressed

All the above source sets are located in the `source/sets` subdirectory of the distribution tree.

The source sets are distributed as compressed tar files. Except for the **pkgsrc** set, which is traditionally unpacked into `/usr/pkgsrc`, all sets may be unpacked into `/usr/src` with the command:

```
# ( cd / ; tar -zxpf - )  set_name.tgz
```

In each of the source distribution set directories, there are files which contain the checksums of the files in the directory:

`BSDSUM` Historic BSD checksums for the various files in that directory, in the format produced by the command:
cksum -o 1 *file*.

`CKSUM` POSIX checksums for the various files in that directory, in the format produced by the command:
cksum *file*.

`MD5` MD5 digests for the various files in that directory, in the format produced by the command:
cksum -m *file*.

`SYSVSUM` Historic ATT System V UNIX checksums for the various files in that directory, in the format produced by the command:
cksum -o 2 *file*.

The MD5 digest is the safest checksum, followed by the POSIX checksum. The other two checksums are provided only to ensure that the widest possible range of system can check the integrity of the release files.

NetBSD/next68k subdirectory structure

The next68k-specific portion of the NetBSD 2.1 release is found in the `next68k` subdirectory of the distribution: `.../NetBSD-2.1/next68k/`. It contains the following files and directories:

`INSTALL.html`
`INSTALL.ps`
`INSTALL.txt`
`INSTALL.more` Installation notes in various file formats, including this file. The `.more` file contains underlined text using the `more`(1) conventions for indicating italic and bold display.

`binary/`
`kernel/`
`netbsd-GENERIC.gz`
A gzipped NetBSD kernel containing code for everything supported in this release.
`sets/` next68k binary distribution sets; see below.

`installation/`
`misc/`

Binary distribution sets

The NetBSD next68k binary distribution sets contain the binaries which comprise the NetBSD 2.1 release for the next68k. The binary distribution sets can be found in the `next68k/binary/sets` subdirectory of the NetBSD 2.1 distribution tree, and are as follows:

base The NetBSD 2.1 next68k **base** binary distribution. You *must* install this distribution set. It contains the base NetBSD utilities that are necessary for the system to run and be minimally functional. It includes shared library support, and excludes everything described below.
16 MB gzipped, 45 MB uncompressed

comp Things needed for compiling programs. This set includes the system include files (`/usr/include`) and the various system libraries (except the shared libraries, which are included as part of the **base** set). This set also includes the manual pages for all of the utilities it contains, as well as the system call and library manual pages.
18 MB gzipped, 69 MB uncompressed

etc This distribution set contains the system configuration files that reside in `/etc` and in several other places. This set *must* be installed if you are installing the system from scratch, but should *not* be used if you are upgrading.
1 MB gzipped, 1 MB uncompressed

games This set includes the games and their manual pages.
3 MB gzipped, 7 MB uncompressed

kern-GENERIC
This set contains a NetBSD/next68k 2.1 `GENERIC` kernel, named `/netbsd`. You *must* install this distribution set.
1 MB gzipped, 3 MB uncompressed

man This set includes all of the manual pages for the binaries and other software contained in the **base** set. Note that it does not include any of the manual pages that are included in the other sets.
8 MB gzipped, 30 MB uncompressed

misc This set includes the (rather large) system dictionaries, the typesettable document set, and other files from `/usr/share`.
3 MB gzipped, 9 MB uncompressed

text This set includes NetBSD's text processing tools, including `groff`(1), all related programs, and their manual pages.
2 MB gzipped, 7 MB uncompressed

NetBSD maintains its own set of sources for the X Window System in order to assure tight integration and compatibility. NetBSD/next68k currently does not ship with an X server or X clients. Binary sets for the X Window System are distributed with NetBSD. The sets are:

xbase The basic files needed for a complete X client environment. This does not include the X servers.
6 MB gzipped, 17 MB uncompressed

xcomp The extra libraries and include files needed to compile X source code.
10 MB gzipped, 37 MB uncompressed

xfont Fonts needed by X.
31 MB gzipped, 39 MB uncompressed

xetc Configuration files for X which could be locally modified.
0.03 MB gzipped, 0.17 MB uncompressed

xserver The X server.
3 MB gzipped, 7 MB uncompressed

The next68k binary distribution sets are distributed as gzipped tar files named with the extension **.tgz**, e.g. `base.tgz`.

The instructions given for extracting the source sets work equally well for the binary sets, but it is worth noting that if you use that method, the filenames stored in the sets are relative and therefore the files are extracted *below the current directory*. Therefore, if you want to extract the binaries into your system, i.e. replace the system binaries with them, you have to run the **`tar -xpf`** command from the root directory (`/`) of your system. This utility is used only in a Traditional method installation.

Note: Each directory in the next68k binary distribution also has its own checksum files, just as the source distribution does.

NetBSD/next68k System Requirements and Supported Devices

NetBSD/next68k 2.1 will run on the 25 MHz 68040-based NeXT workstations. The Turbo (33 MHz) models are not supported. The 68030 model is not supported. NetBSD/next68k 2.1 does not have any local disk support, so you must netboot and run diskless.

The minimum configuration requires 4 MB of RAM and a network server capable of netbooting NetBSD/next68k. Serial consoles are poorly supported by the hardware, see the FAQ for help. Typically it is just easier to use the NeXT monitor and keyboard.

http://www.NetBSD.org/Ports/next68k/faq.html

Supported hardware

- CPUs
  - 68040-25 2-bit grayscale (NeXTcube)
  - 68040-25 2-bit grayscale (NeXTstation)
  - 68040-25 16-bit color (NeXTstation Color)
- RS232 interfaces
  - on-board A and B serial ports (*zsc*) .
- Network interfaces:

- on-board ethernet (*xe*).

- Displays
  - on-board NeXT monochrome display (*nextdisplay*).
  - on-board NeXT 12-bit color display (*nextdisplay*).

- Input devices
  - NeXT non-adb keyboard (*nextkbd*).

- Miscellaneous
  - Battery-backed real-time clock.

Unsupported hardware

- CPUs
  - 68030-25 2-bit grayscale (NeXT Computer)
  - 68040-33 2-bit grayscale (NeXTcube Turbo)
  - 68040-33 2-bit grayscale (NeXTstation Turbo)
  - 68040-33 16-bit color (NeXTstation Color Turbo)

- Disk interfaces
  - on-board SCSI interface and disks
  - Floppy drive
  - Optical disk
  - non-SCSI CD-ROM

- Miscellaneous devices
  - NeXTdimension 32-bit color framebuffer
  - 16-bit digital audio
  - DSP
  - NeXT Printer

Getting the NetBSD System on to Useful Media

Because NetBSD/next68k must run diskless, the distribution must be installed to a remote machine that NFS exports to the NeXT machine. As a result, there is no automated install procedure. Begin by retrieving the NetBSD set files onto the serving machine. These can be found at ftp.NetBSD.org. You may want to keep the following information handy:

```
IP Address: ftp.NetBSD.org
Login: anonymous
Password: your e-mail address
Server path: /pub/NetBSD/NetBSD-2.1/next68k/binary/sets
```

Preparing your System for NetBSD installation

Get to the ROM Monitor prompt

After the system performs its power-on self test, and while it tries to boot an operating system, press the COMMAND-` keys (the backquote is above 7 on the keypad on the right of the keyboard). You should see a prompt like this:

```
                          NeXT ROM Monitor 2.5 (v66)

CPU MC68040 25 MHz, memory 100 nS
Backplane slot #0
Ethernet address:  0:0:f:0:fb:90
Memory size 40 MB
NeXT
```

Write down the ethernet address. You will need this later to configure the netboot server for your NetBSD/next68k system.

Change the configuration parameters to netboot

Press the `p` key to modify the configuration parameters. You will need to change the `boot command` to `en()netbsd` which is to boot from the `en()` ethernet device the kernel named `netbsd`. You should wite down what the original `boot command` was in case you wish to boot NEXTSTEP in the future. It will probably be `sd()`. While modifying the parameters, you may wish to set the system to use `verbose test mode` which will print detailed messages while it is attempting to load the kernel, as opposed to the normal graphic of a network cable. You should not set the `extended diagnostics` as the system will try to boot a diagnostic kernel. Here is an example configuration session:

NeXT **p**
boot command: sd()? **en()netbsd**
DRAM tests: yes? **yes**
perform power-on system test: yes? **yes**
    sound out tests: yes? **yes**
    SCSI tests: yes? **yes**
    loop until keypress: no? **no**
    verbose test mode: no? **yes**
boot extended diagnostics: no? **no**
serial port A is alternate console: no? **yes**
allow any ROM command even if password protected: no? **no**
allow boot from any device even if password protected: no? **no**
allow optical drive #0 eject even if password protected: yes? **yes**
enable parity cehcking if parity memory is present: no? **no**

Now, whenever you reset or power on your system, it will attempt to netboot. From the ROM Monitor prompt, you can simply type `b` to netboot. You can also press the power key (above the arrows) to turn off the system.

Installing the NetBSD System

1. Introduction

To netboot a next68k, you must configure one or more servers to provide information and files to your next68k (the 'client).' If you are using NetBSD (any architecture) on your netboot server(s), the information provided here should be sufficient to configure everything. Additionally, you may wish to look at the `diskless`(8) manual page and the manual pages for each daemon you'll be configuring. If the server(s) are another operating system, you should consult the NetBSD Diskless HOW-TO, which will walk you through the steps necessary to configure the netboot services on a variety of platforms.

http://www.NetBSD.org/Documentation/network/netboot/

Briefly, the netboot process involves discovery, bootstrap, kernel and file system stages. In the first stage, the client discovers information about where to find the bootstrap program. Next, it downloads and executes the bootstrap program. The bootstrap program goes through another discovery phase to determine where the kernel is located. The bootstrap program tries to mount the NFS share containing the kernel. Once the kernel is loaded, it starts executing. The kernel tries to mount the NFS share that had the kernel and starts executing `init`(8). All next68k systems use BOOTP for the discovery stage. TFTP is used in the bootstrap phase to download the bootstrap program, `boot`. NFS is used in both the kernel and file system stages to download the kernel, and to access files on the file server.

We will use '`CC:CC:CC:CC:CC:CC`' as the MAC address (ethernet hardware address) of your netboot client machine. You should have determined this address in an earlier stage. In this example, we will use '`192.168.1.10`' as the IP address of your client and '`client.test.net`' as its name.

We will assume you're providing all of your netboot services on one machine called 'server.test.net' with the client's files exported from the directory /export/client/root. You should, of course, replace all of these with the names, addresses, and paths appropriate to your environment.

You should set up each netboot stage in order (i.e. discovery, bootstrap, kernel, and then file system) so that you can test them as you proceed.

2. dhcpd(8) in bootpd(8) compatible mode

   Put the following lines in your /etc/dhcpd.conf (see dhcpd.conf(5) and dhcp-options(5) for more information):

```
ddns-update-style none;
                # Do not use any dynamic DNS features
                #
allow bootp;    # Allow bootp requests, thus the dhcp server
                # will act as a bootp server.
                #
authoritative;  # master DHCP server for this subnet
                #
subnet 192.168.1.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
                # Which network interface to listen on.
                # The zeros indicate the range of addresses
                # that are allowed to connect.
}
group {
                # Set of parameters common to all clients
                # in this "group".
                #
        option broadcast-address        192.168.1.255;
        option domain-name              "test.net";
        option domain-name-servers      dns.test.net;
        option routers                  router.test.net;
        option subnet-mask              255.255.255.0;
                #
                # An individual client.
                #
        host client.test.net {
                hardware ethernet       CC:CC:CC:CC:CC:CC;
                fixed-address           192.168.1.10;
                #
                # Name of the host (if the fixed address
                # doesn't resolve to a simple name).
                #
                option host-name        "client";
                #
                # Name of the bootloader or kernel
                # to download via tftp.
#
                filename                "boot";

                #
                # The path on the NFS server.
```

```
                        #
                        option root-path "/export/client/root";

                        #
                        #next68k machines require non-RFC1048 BOOTP
                        #
                        always-reply-rfc1048 false;

                        #
                        # If your DHCP server is not your NFS server, supply the
                        # address of the NFS server. Since we assume you run everythi
                        # on one server, this is not needed.
                        #
                        # next-server server.test.net;
                }
        #you may paste another "host" entry here for additional
        #clients on this network
}
```

You will need to make sure that the `dhcpd.leases` file exists.

```
# touch /var/db/dhcpd.leases
```

You will need to start the **dhcpd**. If it's already running, you will need to restart it to force it to re-read its configuration file. If the server is running NetBSD, you can achieve this with:

```
# /etc/rc.d/dhcpd restart
```

3. `tftpd`(8)

   The default configuration of the TFTP server is to run in a `chroot`(8) environment in the `/tftpboot` directory. Thus, the first order of business is to create this directory:

   ```
   # mkdir -p /tftpboot
   ```

   Next, edit `/etc/inetd.conf` and uncomment the line with the TFTP daemon:

   ```
   tftp  dgram  udp  wait  root  /usr/libexec/tftpd tftpd -l -s /tftpboot
   ```

   Now, restart `inetd`(8). If the server is running NetBSD, you can achieve this with:

   ```
   # /etc/rc.d/inetd restart
   ```

   Now, you need to copy the bootloader for your next68k machine to `/tftpboot`. Get `boot` from the `installation` directory of the distribution.

   ```
   # cp boot /tftpboot
   ```

   Just to be sure, let's make everything readable.

   ```
   # chmod -R a+rX /tftpboot
   ```

   Sometimes, the `arp`(8) table gets messed up, and the TFTP server can't communicate with the client. In this case, it will write a log message (via `syslogd`(8)) to `/var/log/messages` saying: '`tftpd: write: Host is down`'. If this is the case, you may need to force the server to map your client's ethernet address to its IP address:

   ```
   # arp -s client CC:CC:CC:CC:CC:CC
   ```

4. nfsd(8), mountd(8), and rpcbind(8)

   Now your system should be able to load the bootstrap program and start looking for the kernel. Let's set up the NFS server. Create the directory you are exporting for the netboot client:

   ```
   # mkdir -p /export/client/root
   ```

   Put the following line in /etc/exports to enable NFS sharing:

   ```
   /export/client/root -maproot=root client.test.net
   ```

   If your server is currently running an NFS server, you only need to restart mountd(8). Otherwise, you need to start rpcbind(8) and nfsd(8). If the server is running NetBSD, you can achieve this with:

   ```
   # /etc/rc.d/rpcbind start
   # /etc/rc.d/nfsd start
   # /etc/rc.d/mountd restart
   ```

5. NetBSD kernel

   Now, if you place a kernel named netbsd in /export/client/root your client should boot the kernel. Use binary/kernel/netbsd-GENERIC.gz.

   ```
   # gunzip netbsd-GENERIC.gz
   # mv netbsd-GENERIC /export/client/root/netbsd
   ```

6. Client file system

   You need to extract and set up the client's installation of NetBSD. The Diskless HOW-TO describes how to provide better security and save space on the NFS server over the procedure listed here.
   http://www.NetBSD.org/Documentation/network/netboot/nfs.html

   - Extracting distribution sets

     ```
     # cd /export/client/root
     # tar -xpzf /path/to/files/base.tgz
     # tar -xpzf /path/to/files/etc.tgz
     ```

     Continue with the other non-essential distribution sets if desired.

   - Set up swap

     ```
     # mkdir /export/client/root/swap
     # dd if=/dev/zero of=/export/client/swap bs=4k count=4k
     # echo '/export/client/swap -maproot=root:wheel client.test.net' | cat  /et
     # /etc/rc.d/mountd restart
     ```

     This creates a 16 MB swap file and exports it to the client.

   - Create device nodes

     ```
     # cd /export/client/root/dev
     # ./MAKEDEV all
     ```

     This procedure only works on NetBSD hosts.

   - Set up the client's fstab(5)

     Create a file in /export/client/root/etc/fstab with the following lines:

     ```
     server:/export/client/swap   none  swap  sw,nfsmntpt=/swap
     server:/export/client/root   /     nfs   rw 0 0
     ```

- Set up the client's `rc.conf`(5)

  Edit `/export/client/root/etc/rc.conf`

  ```
  rc_configured=YES
  hostname="client"
  defaultroute="192.168.1.1"
  nfs_client=YES
  auto_ifconfig=NO
  net_interfaces=""
  ```

  Make sure rc does not reconfigure the network device since it will lose its connection to the NFS server with your root file system.

- Set up the client's `hosts`(5) file.

  Edit `/export/client/root/etc/hosts`

  ```
  ::1                     localhost
  127.0.0.1               localhost
  192.168.1.10 client.test.net client
  192.168.1.5  server.test.net server
  ```

7. Setting up the server daemons

   You need these services to start up every time you boot your server, make sure the following lines are present in your `/etc/rc.conf`:

   ```
   dhcpd=YES         dhcpd_flags="-q"
   nfs_server=YES          # enable server daemons
   mountd=YES
   rpcbind=YES       rpcbind_flags="-l"   # -l logs libwrap
   ```

   Also, you'll need to make sure the `tftpd` line in `/etc/inetd.conf` remains uncommented.

Post installation steps

Once you've got the operating system running, there are a few things you need to do in order to bring the system into a properly configured state, with the most important ones described below.

1. Configuring `/etc/rc.conf`

   If you or the installation software haven't done any configuration of `/etc/rc.conf` (**sysinst** usually will), the system will drop you into single user mode on first reboot with the message

   ```
   /etc/rc.conf is not configured. Multiuser boot aborted.
   ```

   and with the root file system (`/`) mounted read-only. When the system asks you to choose a shell, simply press `RETURN` to get to a `/bin/sh` prompt. If you are asked for a terminal type, respond with **vt220** (or whatever is appropriate for your terminal type) and press `RETURN`. You may need to type one of the following commands to get your delete key to work properly, depending on your keyboard:

   ```
   # stty erase '^h'
   # stty erase '^?'
   ```

   At this point, you need to configure at least one file in the `/etc` directory. You will need to mount your root file system read/write with:

   ```
   # /sbin/mount -u -w /
   ```

   Change to the `/etc` directory and take a look at the `/etc/rc.conf` file. Modify it to your tastes, making sure that you set `rc_configured=YES` so that your changes will be enabled and a multi-user boot can proceed. Default values for the various programs can be found in `/etc/defaults/rc.conf`, where some in-line documentation may be found. More complete doc-

umentation can be found in `rc.conf`(5).

If your `/usr` directory is on a separate partition and you do not know how to use **ed**, you will have to mount your `/usr` partition to gain access to **ex** or **vi**. Do the following:

```
# mount /usr
# export TERM=vt220
```

If you have `/var` on a separate partition, you need to repeat that step for it. After that, you can edit `/etc/rc.conf` with `vi`(1). When you have finished, type **exit** at the prompt to leave the single-user shell and continue with the multi-user boot.

Other values that need to be set in `/etc/rc.conf` for a networked environment are *hostname* and possibly *defaultroute*, furthermore add an *ifconfig_int* for your ⟨int⟩ network interface, along the lines of

```
ifconfig_xe0="inet 123.45.67.89 netmask 255.255.255.0"
```

or, if you have *myname.my.dom* in `/etc/hosts`:

```
ifconfig_xe0="inet myname.my.dom netmask 255.255.255.0"
```

To enable proper hostname resolution, you will also want to add an `/etc/resolv.conf` file or (if you are feeling a little more adventurous) run `named`(8). See `resolv.conf`(5) or `named`(8) for more information. Instead of manually configuring network and naming service, DHCP can be used by setting `dhclient=YES` in `/etc/rc.conf`.

Other files in `/etc` that may require modification or setting up include `/etc/mailer.conf`, `/etc/nsswitch.conf`, and `/etc/wscons.conf`.

2. Logging in

   After reboot, you can log in as `root` at the login prompt. Unless you've set a password in **sysinst**, there is no initial password. If you're using the machine in a networked environment, you should create an account for yourself (see below) and protect it and the "root" account with good passwords. By default, root login from the network is disabled (even via `ssh`(1)). One way to become root over the network is to log in as a different user that belongs to group "wheel" (see `group`(5)) and use `su`(1) to become root.

   Unless you have connected an unusual terminal device as the console you can just press `RETURN` when it prompts for `Terminal type? [...]`.

3. Adding accounts

   Use the `useradd`(8) command to add accounts to your system. Do not edit `/etc/passwd` directly! See `vipw`(8) and `pwd_mkdb`(8) if you want to edit the password database.

   Don't forget to add `/usr/X11R6/bin` to your path in your shell's dot file so that you have access to the X binaries.

4. Installing third party packages

   If you wish to install any of the software freely available for UNIX -like systems you are strongly advised to first check the NetBSD package system. This automatically handles any changes necessary to make the software run on NetBSD, retrieval and installation of any other packages on which the software may depend, and simplifies installation (and deinstallation), both from source and precompiled binaries.

   - More information on the package system is at
     http://www.NetBSD.org/Documentation/software/packages.html

- A list of available packages suitable for browsing is at
  ftp://ftp.NetBSD.org/pub/NetBSD/packages/pkgsrc/README.html
- Precompiled binaries can be found at *,:*
  ftp://ftp.NetBSD.org/pub/NetBSD/packages/
  usually in the `2.1/next68k/All` subdir. You can install them with the following commands under `sh`(1):

  ```
  # PKG_PATH=ftp://ftp.NetBSD.org/pub/NetBSD/packages/2.1/next68k/All
  # export PKG_PATH
  # pkg_add -v tcsh
  # pkg_add -v bash
  # pkg_add -v perl
  # pkg_add -v apache
  # pkg_add -v kde
  # pkg_add -v mozilla
  ...
  ```

  If you are using `csh`(1) then replace the first two lines with the following:

  ```
  # setenv PKG_PATH ftp://ftp.NetBSD.org/pub/NetBSD/packages/2.1/next68k/All
  ...
  ```

  The above commands will install the Tenex-csh and Bourne Again shell, the Perl programming language, Apache web server, KDE desktop environment and the Mozilla web browser as well as all the packages they depend on.
- Package sources for compiling packages on your own can be obtained by retrieving the file
  ftp://ftp.NetBSD.org/pub/NetBSD/NetBSD-current/tar_files/pkgsrc.tar.gz
  They are typically extracted into `/usr/pkgsrc` (though other locations work fine), with the commands:

  ```
  # mkdir /usr/pkgsrc
  # ( cd /usr/pkgsrc ; tar -zxpf - )  pkgsrc.tar.gz
  ```

  After extracting, see the `README` and `doc/pkgsrc.txt` files in the extraction directory (e.g. `/usr/pkgsrc/README`) for more information.

5. Misc
   - Edit `/etc/mail/aliases` to forward root mail to the right place. Don't forget to run `newaliases`(1) afterwards.
   - The `/etc/mail/sendmail.cf` file will almost definitely need to be adjusted; files aiding in this can be found in `/usr/share/sendmail`. See the `README` file there for more information. If you prefer postfix as MTA, adjust `/etc/mailer.conf`.
   - Edit `/etc/rc.local` to run any local daemons you use.
   - Many of the `/etc` files are documented in section 5 of the manual; so just invoking

     ```
     # man 5 filename
     ```

     is likely to give you more information on these files.

Upgrading a previously-installed NetBSD System

NetBSD/next68k does not currently support an upgrade procedure.

Compatibility Issues With Previous NetBSD Releases

Users upgrading from previous versions of NetBSD may wish to bear the following problems and compatibility issues in mind when upgrading to NetBSD 2.1.

Issues affecting an upgrade from NetBSD 1.6

The following issues can generally be resolved by extracting the **etc** set into a temporary directory and running *postinstall*:

```
mkdir /tmp/upgrade
cd /tmp/upgrade
pax -zrpe -f /path/to/etc.tgz
./etc/postinstall -s `pwd` check
./etc/postinstall -s `pwd` fix
```

Issues fixed by *postinstall*:

- Various files in `/etc` need upgrading. These include:
  - `/etc/defaults/*`
  - `/etc/mtree/*`
  - `/etc/daily`
  - `/etc/weekly`
  - `/etc/monthly`
  - `/etc/security`
  - `/etc/rc.subr`
  - `/etc/rc`
  - `/etc/rc.shutdown`
  - `/etc/rc.d/*`
- The following files are now obsolete: `/etc/rc.d/fsck.sh` `/etc/rc.d/gated` `/etc/rc.d/kerberos` `/etc/rc.d/NETWORK` `/etc/rc.d/systemfs` `/etc/rc.d/xntpd` and `/etc/rc.d/ypset`.
- The users and groups 'smmsp', needs to be created, 'news' is no longer part of the system.

The following issues need to be resolved manually:

- `postfix`(8) configuration files require upgrading.

```
cd /usr/share/examples/postfix
cp post-install postfix-files postfix-script /etc/postfix
postfix check
```

Using online NetBSD documentation

Documentation is available if you first install the manual distribution set. Traditionally, the "man pages" (documentation) are denoted by '`name(section)`'. Some examples of this are

- `intro`(1),
- `man`(1),
- `apropos`(1),
- `passwd`(1), and
- `passwd`(5).

The section numbers group the topics into several categories, but three are of primary interest: user commands are in section 1, file formats are in section 5, and administrative information is in section 8.

The *man* command is used to view the documentation on a topic, and is started by entering **man** [*section*] *topic*. The brackets [] around the section should not be entered, but rather indicate that the section is optional. If you don't ask for a particular section, the topic with the lowest numbered section name will be displayed. For instance, after logging in, enter

```
# man passwd
```

to read the documentation for passwd(1). To view the documentation for passwd(5), enter

```
# man 5 passwd
```

instead.

If you are unsure of what man page you are looking for, enter

apropos *subject-word*

where *subject-word* is your topic of interest; a list of possibly related man pages will be displayed.

Administrivia

If you've got something to say, do so! We'd like your input. There are various mailing lists available via the mailing list server at majordomo@NetBSD.org. To get help on using the mailing list server, send mail to that address with an empty body, and it will reply with instructions.

There are various mailing lists set up to deal with comments and questions about this release. Please send comments to: netbsd-comments@NetBSD.org.

To report bugs, use the send-pr(1) command shipped with NetBSD, and fill in as much information about the problem as you can. Good bug reports include lots of details. Additionally, bug reports can be sent by mail to: netbsd-bugs@NetBSD.org.

Use of send-pr(1) is encouraged, however, because bugs reported with it are entered into the NetBSD bugs database, and thus can't slip through the cracks.

There are also port-specific mailing lists, to discuss aspects of each port of NetBSD. Use majordomo to find their addresses, or visit **http://www.NetBSD.org/MailingLists/**. If you're interested in doing a serious amount of work on a specific port, you probably should contact the 'owner' of that port (listed below).

If you'd like to help with this effort, and have an idea as to how you could be useful, send us mail or subscribe to: netbsd-help@NetBSD.org.

As a favor, please avoid mailing huge documents or files to these mailing lists. Instead, put the material you would have sent up for FTP or WWW somewhere, then mail the appropriate list about it, or, if you'd rather not do that, mail the list saying you'll send the data to those who want it.

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(If you're not on that list and should be, tell us! We probably were not able to get in touch with you, to verify that you wanted to be listed.)

- Finally, we thank all of the people who've put sweat and tears into developing NetBSD since its inception in January, 1993. (Obviously, there are a lot more people who deserve thanks here. If you're one of them, and would like to mentioned, tell us!)

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